LAMP REFERENCES

COLOR TEMPERATURE – Each light source has a unique color temperature that sets the appearance for the environment in which it is used. The actual color of the light that is given off from the source is represented in Kelvin and referred to as Correlated Color Temperature (CCT). A lamp can have a warm, midrange or cool appearance depending on its color temperature. These different color temperatures can set a mood, create an environment, improve a person's disposition, influence a person's buying habits and has even been known to affect a person's appetite.

"Warm" light sources have a lower color temperature, usually in the 2500K-3000K range. These lamps produce more light in the red/orange/yellow spectrum. As the color temperature of a lamp increases the lamps appearance becomes "cooler." As the lamp's color temperature increases so does the amount of light produced in the blue end of the spectrum. USHIO America, Inc. offers lamps in a wide variety of color temperatures to suit the needs of most users and to create the best environment possible.

Color Temperature	Common Color Description	Typical Applications
2700K - 3400K	Warm; Warm White	Specialty Retailers, Restaurants, Hotel Lobbies, Residential
3500K	Neutral; Neutral White	Grocery Stores & Produce Markets, Retail Stores, Bank Lobbies
4100K	Cool; Cool White	Offices, Manufacturing, Schools, Hospitals
5000K - 6500K	Daylight; Daylight Plus; Full Spectrum	Printers, Paint Studios, Art Galleries, Car Dealerships

COLOR RENDERING INDEX – An object on display can take on many different appearances depending on the light source that is illuminating it. A lamp has the ability to render an object's colors differently dependent upon the color rendering index properties of the lamp. Color Rendering Index (CRI) is measured on a scale from 0 to 100. The higher the CRI value, the more natural the colors will appear. Objects displayed under lamps with high CRI (usually 80+ CRI) look more appealing to the eye. This is why merchandise in retail stores is predominately lit using high CRI light sources such as the Halogen PAR lamps.

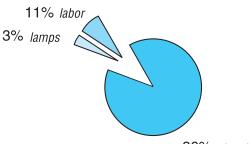
Applications	CRI Range	Color Rendering Properties
Art Galleries, Printing Companies	90–100	Excellent
Retail Stores	80–100	Very Good – Excellent
Restaurants	80–90	Good – Very Good
Grocery Stores, Hospitals	70–90	Good – Very Good
Banks, Car Dealerships, Classrooms, Offices, Manufacturing Areas, Security Lighting, Sporting Arenas	70–80	Good
Parking Lot Lighting, Roadway Lighting, Warehouses	<60–70	Poor

ENERGY SAVINGS – These days, energy in the form of electricity is by far the largest portion of a users lighting expense. Over the lifetime of a lighting system, the electricity to operate the system will represent about 86% of the total costs. Obviously, if a user can reduce their energy consumption, they will reduce their costs.

The annual cost of a lighting system can be broken down into three areas (see pie chart):

- 1. The initial purchase costs of the lamps (3%).
- 2. The cost of the electricity to operate the lamps (86%).
- 3. The costs of labor to replace the lamps (11%).

Ushio America, Inc. understands the need for energy efficient lighting products that produce nearly the same light output (lumens) as their conventional counterparts, but consume considerably less energy doing so.

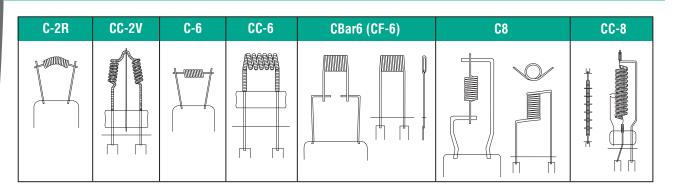


86% electricity

LAMP SPECIFICATION ABBREVIATIONS

RATINGS	DIMENSIONS	BURN POSITION
W Watts V Volts kV kiloVolts A Amps h hours K kelvin Im lumens cd candela cp candle power nm nanometers CRI Color Rendering Index	LL Light Length (filament length) LCL Light Center Length C-to-C Contact to Contact MOL Maximum Overall Length Dia Diameter max Maximum in inches mm millimeters All dimensions are approximate measurements in inches (in) unless otherwise noted.	BD Base Down BD/Hor Base Down to Horizontal BU Base Up Horiz Horizontal H±4 Within ±4° of horizontal position H±45 Within ±45° of horizontal position H±60 Within ±60° of horizontal position Univ Universal 360° / Any Position

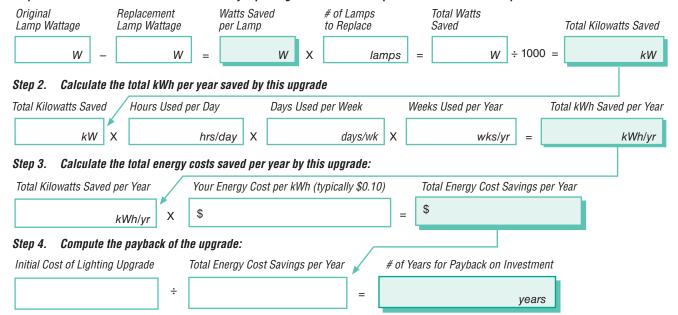
LAMP FILAMENT TYPES



ANNUAL ENERGY COST CALCULATION WORKSHEET

For Fluorescent or PulseStrikeTM Metal Halide lamps, be sure to use the total fixture wattage (which includes the new ballast wattage savings) to calculate your new true wattage savings.

Step 1. Calculate the total kilowatts saved by replacing the inefficient lamps with more efficient lamps



LAMP BASE TYPES 2G7 2G11 **2GX7** BA9s BA15d E11 E12 E17 ø15.25 (· · · · ·) (· · · ·) 19 15.2 ø11.5 UUUU ø10.7 **E26** E39/E40 **EP39 EU11 EX39** Fc2 / Fc2/18 **FESTOON** G4 4.0 ø39 ø26 ø10.7 ø39/ø40 ø39 G5 G6.35 **G12 G13 G23** G23-2 G24d-2 G24d-3 H G24q-3 GU4 **GU5.3 GX5.3 GU10** GX16d G24q-1 G24q-2 GU4 GU5.3 GX5.3 Ø1.56 Ø1.56 5.33 GX23 GX23-2 GX24d-2 GX24d-3 GX24q-1 GX24q-2 GX24q-3 GX24q-4 THU T **GY6.35** GZ4 **GZ10** Pin Blade R7s-12 **RIGID LOOP** RX7s/RX7s-24 **WEDGE** 4.75 9.1 ø1.25

All dimensions are in millimeters (mm).

AUDIO/VISUAL & PHOTOGRAPHIC



ENTERTAINMENT



GRAPHIC ARTS



QUARTZ INFRARED HEATER



SCIENTIFIC-MEDICAL



UV / GERMICIDAL & BLACKLIGHT





Ushio America has partnered with Veolia to offer RECYCLEPAK lamp and ballast recycling kits through our website at recyclepak.ushio.com.

