



CEILING FAN GUIDE

LOCATION

Dry, indoor location: Choose any dry, damp or wet rated ceiling fan.

Outdoor covered or high-humidity indoor location: Choose damp or wet rated fans.

Outdoor location with likely direct contact with water: Choose wet rated fans.

Look for these icons to identify location rating:

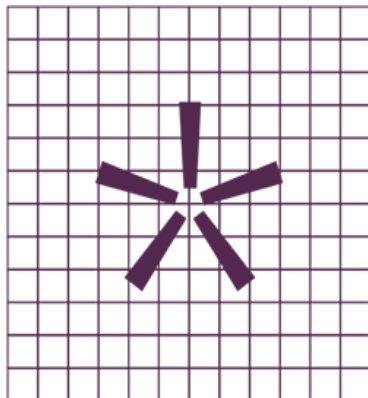


SIZE OF YOUR ROOM

- Optimal performance will come from mounting your fan in the center of the room.
- If you have a long or large room, consider the use of multiple fans.
- Scale is a personal preference. Large diameter fans can go in both small rooms and larger rooms. It's all in the look you desire.

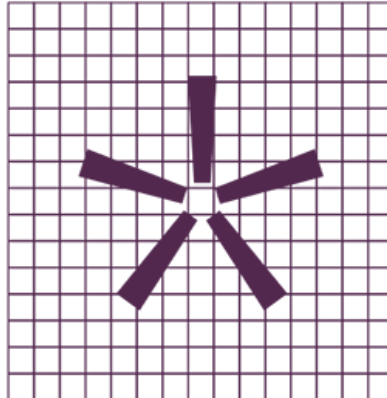
SMALL ROOM

52 in. or smaller



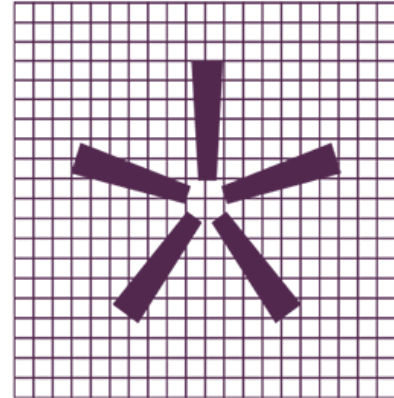
LARGE ROOM

52 in or larger



GREAT ROOM

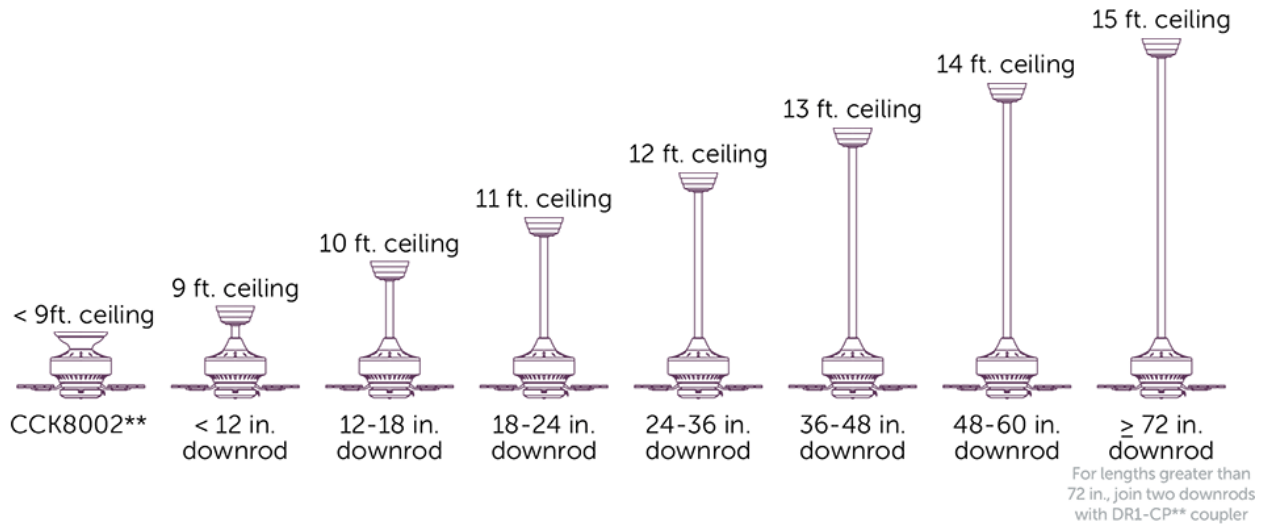
60 in or larger



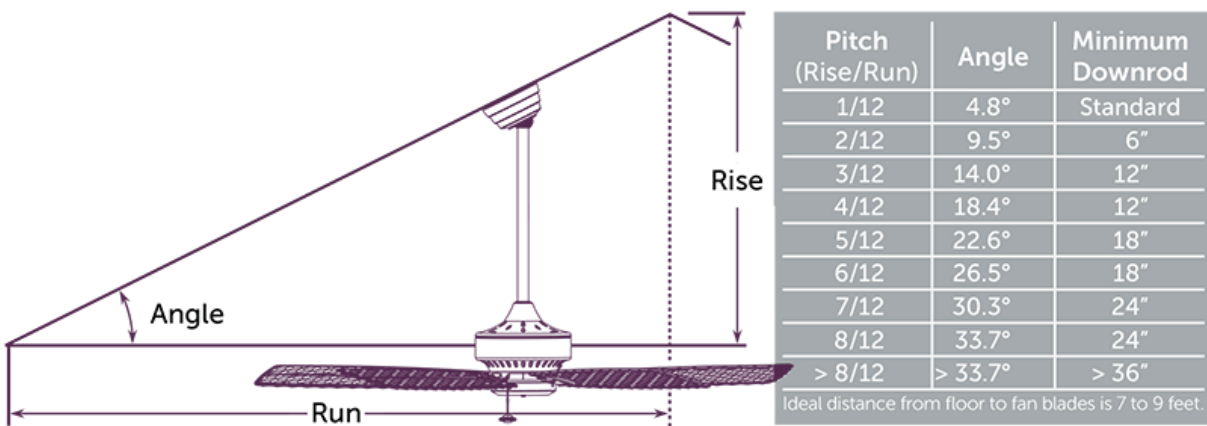


CEILING HEIGHT

Ideal distance from floor to fan blades is 7 to 9 feet.













SLOPED-CEILING





CEILING FAN FEATURES

Understand Ceiling Fan Feature icons.

fan control type				light kit included + lamping info	number of fan speeds + location of reversing switch	Bluetooth® control—if included or compatible	fan, blades and light sold separately	features energy-efficient DC motor	fan has earned the Energy Star
									
CONTROL wall	CONTROL remote	CONTROL pull chain	CONTROL rotary	WATTAGE bulb style	SPEED reverse location	FANSYNC™			ENERGY STAR

AIRFLOW

Airflow is measured in CFM (cubic feet per minute), energy used is measured in watts and the energy efficiency of the fan is measured in CFM per watt.

ENERGY INFORMATION AT HIGH SPEED:

Airflow

6942

**Cubic Feet
Per Minute**

The greater the
number, the greater
the air moved

Electricity Use

65

**Watts
(excluding lights)**

Energy
consumed

Airflow Efficiency

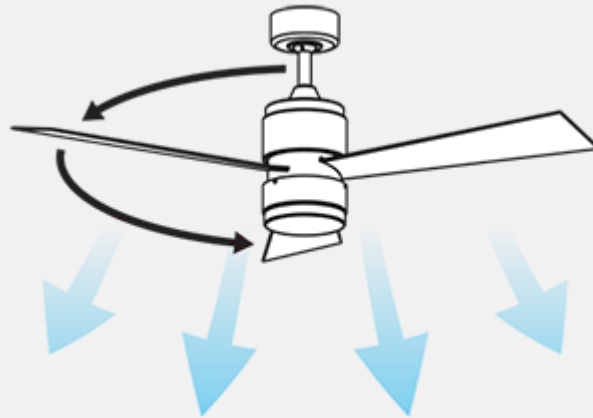
107

**Cubic Feet Per
Minute Per Watt**

The greater the
number, the more
efficient the fan is

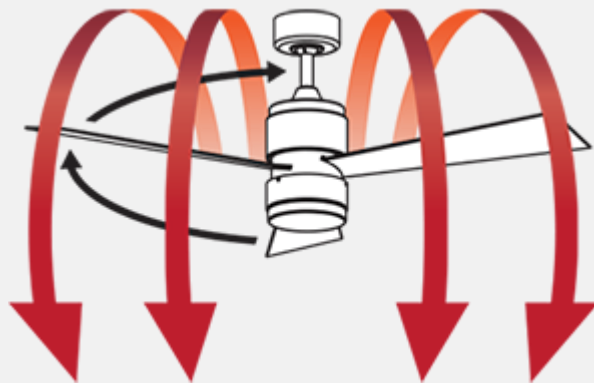
SEASONAL CEILING FAN USE

Ceiling fans save money year-round when turning in the proper direction.



WARM WEATHER

Airflow with counterclockwise rotation, as you look up, provides a cooling breeze



COOL WEATHER

Airflow with clockwise rotation, as you look up, forces warm air downward

CEILING FAN MOTORS

- AC motors use supplied power directly and regulate speeds by controlling frequency.
- DC motors convert supplied power and regulate speeds by controlling electrical current.
- AC motors come in 1-, 3- and 4-speed variants.
- DC motors come in 6- and 31-speed variants. DC motors are more efficient, generate more torque and are virtually silent.

